Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable

Appendix 4 – Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR") (unaudited)

ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund Legal entity identifier: 213800VVEQ4W3X4EP562

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. **That Regulation** does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



More information on ELEVA Capital's definition of Sustainable investments in accordance with article 2.17 of the SFDR regulation is available in the ESG Policy. Please refer to the section "What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?" of this periodic reporting for clarifications about the distinction of treatment between 'Taxonomy-aligned' Sustainable investments and the other Sustainable investments sub-categories. Statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented in the section "To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?".

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To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund (the "Sub-Fund") promoted a combination of environmental, social and governance ("ESG") characteristics by investing in companies with good ESG practices (i.e best in universe) or companies that were on an improving path regarding ESG practices (i.e best efforts) while excluding companies that had not a minimum ESG rating (40/100).

The Sub-Fund applied the Management Company's exclusion policy, i.e.:

• Norm based exclusions: companies having violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or one of the OECD Guidelines For Multinational Enterprises.

• Sector based exclusions: companies involved in the sector (including production or distribution) of controversial weapons (0% of sales threshold), of tobacco (5% of sales threshold) and of nuclear weapons (5% of sales threshold). The Sub-fund also applied ELEVA Capital's coal policy, available on ELEVA Capital website.

- As of 31/12/2024, the Sub-fund did not hold any position in excluded companies as defined above.

• The weighted average ESG score of the ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe. This implied that the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund may in no case be lower than the average ESG score of the initial investment universe after elimination of the 20% worst companies.

• A minimum ESG score of 40/100 was required for each company to enter the portfolio.

• The weight of issuers analysed and scored on ESG criteria with the ELEVA methodology had to be higher than 90% of the invested pocket (i.e. excluding cash).

As of 31/12/2024:

- The Sub-Fund showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 66/100 for the Sub-Fund against 64/100 for the reduced universe;

- No invested company had an ESG score below 40/100;

- 100% of the invested pocket (i.e. excluding cash) had been analysed and scored through the ELEVA ESG methodology.

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How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The Sub-Fund had to show, as binding ESG criteria, a better performance than its initial investment universe on the following two ESG key performance indicators: carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, covering Scope 1+2) and weighted average of employees growth rates. Moreover, the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe.

As of 31/12/2024, the Sub-Fund:

• Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, covering Scope 1+2): 23 for the Sub-Fund against 92 for the universe;

• Presented a better average employees growth rate (rate calculated between 2022 and 2023) than its initial investment universe: 7.4% for the Sub-Fund against 5.2% for the universe;

• Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 66/100 for the Sub-Fund against 64/100 for the reduced universe.

The sustainability indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party.

...and compared to previous periods?

As of 29/12/2023, the Sub-Fund:

• Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, covering Scope 1+2): 30 for the Sub-Fund against 112 for the universe;

• Presented a better average employees growth rate (rate calculated between 2021 and 2022) than its initial investment universe: 9.3% for the SubFund against 7.2% for the universe;

• Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 66/100 for the Sub-Fund against 64/100 for the reduced universe.

As of 30/12/2022, the Sub-Fund:

• Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, covering Scope 1+2): 58 for the Sub-Fund against 129 for the universe;

• Presented a better average employees growth rate (rate calculated between 2020 and 2021) than its initial investment universe: 7.4% for the SubFund against 6.8% for the universe;

• Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 64/100 for the Sub-Fund against 63/100 for the reduced universe.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

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2022 was the starting point for the comparison of sustainability indicators performance, as the regulation was not yet in force in previous periods.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As of 2024, the ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund had committed to a minimum share of 20% of sustainable investments (ex-ante). Sustainable investments with environmental objectives might include energy efficiency, renewable energies, sustainable mobility, smart building, sustainable infrastructure, etc. and sustainable investments with social objectives might include health and wellbeing, etc. Please refer to the following question for more details.

In parallel, and although the Sub-Fund has no ex-ante commitment on this particular indicator, the weighted average revenue contribution to the UN SDGs calculated ex-post was 34% as of 31/12/2024 (excluding sovereign bonds, if any).

Lastly, and although the Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy, we voluntarily disclose the ex-post weighted average taxonomy-aligned revenue of the Sub-Fund: 7.2% (excluding sovereign bonds, if any). Most Taxonomy aligned investments had a positive contribution to climate change mitigation (5.7% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any) and climate change adaptation (1.5% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any). The Taxonomy indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party, but they are only based on reported company data and are therefore considered compliant with Article 3 of the Taxonomy regulation.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Several criteria have been applied to ensure that sustainable investments do not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective:

• Exclusion (please refer to the question « To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met? »)

• Minimum ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100, which screens out companies with bad ESG practices, poor Governance, and/or significant controversies. As explained in the question "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?", the ESG score captures many indicators for adverse impacts.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

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• Positive contribution through the proportion of revenues: the positive contribution of each company is measured by calculating the proportion of revenue generated with products or services that contribute positively to one or more UN SDGs. To be considered as a sustainable investment, a company must, in addition to the 2 previous criteria, generate at least 20% of its revenue from this type of products or services. This is a net turnover threshold; thus, we deduct from this percentage the portion of turnover possibly achieved with products having potentially residual negative impacts (i.e. if not already excluded through the exclusion criteria). This indicator is expressed as a percentage and corresponds directly to the percentage of net sales, calculated as mentioned above.

If an investee company met these criteria, it was considered a sustainable investment in its entirety. As of 31/12/2024, 42% of the Sub-fund investments passed these criteria and have been classified as sustainable investments measured ex-post.

— How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account, at the product level, including for sustainable investments, through the set of exclusion, through the criteria analysed in the ESG analysis and through the binding ESG KPIs (please refer to the question "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?").

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The companies that had violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises were excluded in this Sub-Fund.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

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How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Sub-Fund took into consideration the 14 principal adverse impact indicators and 2 optional ones (investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives and investment in companies without workplace accident prevention policies).

• PAI 2, 10 and 14 were taken into consideration in a quantitative way, with maximum exposure or thresholds in place (through Strict Exclusions or through the binding ESG key performance indicators described above)

• PAI 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 13 and the 2 optional ones were taken into consideration in a qualitative way, mainly through the criteria analysed through ESG analysis.

• PAI 7, 8, 9, 12 were only taken into consideration when the data was available (available data for these PAI is scarce).

The statement below presents the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors with respect to ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2024 and calculated as a quarterly average.

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		Indicators applicable to in	applicable to investments in investee companies	vestee compar	nies	
Adverse su:	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate	Actions taken, and
					and Explanation	actions planned and tarnets set for the next
						reference period
		CLIMATE AND OTHER ENVIRONMENT-RELATED INDICATORS	IRONMENT-REL	ATED INDICAT	rors	
Greenhouse	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	4,741	5,248	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
gas		(tons of CO2 equivalent)			2023: 97.7%	in the planet pillar of our
emissions						ESG scoring
						methodology
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	1,594	2,061	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)			2023: 97.7%	in the planet pillar of our
						ESG scoring
						methodology
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	68,070	48,616	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)			2023: 97.7%	in the planet pillar of our
						ESG scoring
						methodology
		Total GHG emissions	72,395	55,924	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)			2023: 97.7%	in the planet pillar of our
						ESG scoring
						methodology
	2. Carbon	Carbon footprint	200	204	2024: 92.4%	Binding indicator for
	footprint	(tons of CO2 equivalent /			2023: 97.7%	ELEVA Leaders Small &
		EUR million invested)				Mid-Cap Europe Fund
						(Scope 1+2 emissions)
	 GHG intensity of investee 	GHG intensity of investee companies	559	500	2024: 93.8% 2023: 97.7%	
	companies	-				

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			vestee compan	1163	
Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	(tons of CO2 equivalent / EUR million of revenue)				
4. Exposure to	Share of investments in	4.1%	1.3%	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
companies active in the	companies active in the fossil fuel sector			2023: 97.5%	in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring
fossil fuel sector					methodology
5. Share of non-	Share of non-renewable	67.9%	72.2%	2024: 92.4%	
renewable	energy consumption and			2023: 68.6%	
energy	non-renewable energy				
consumption	production of investee				
and production	companies from non-				
	renewable energy sources				
	compared to renewable				
	energy sources, expressed				
	as a perceritage or total energy sources				
6. Energy	Energy consumption in	NACE Code	NACE Code	2024: 92.4%	This metric is analysed
consumption	GWh per million EUR of	A: NA	A: NA	2023: 85.5%	in the planet pillar of our
intensity per	revenue of investee				ESG scoring
high impact	companies, per high impact	NACE Code	NACE Code		methodology for all
climate sector	climate sector	B: 0.35	B: 0.35		sectors except

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		Indicators applicable to in	applicable to investments in investee companies	ivestee compar	lies	
Adverse su	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
			NACE Code C: 0.17	NACE Code C: 0.58		
			NACE Code D: 0.07	NACE Code D: 0.07		
			NACE Code E: 0.69	NACE Code E: NA		
			NACE Code F: NA	NACE Code F: NA		
			NACE Code G: 0.03	NACE Code G: 0.05		
			NACE Code H: NA	NACE Code H: NA		
			NACE Code L: 0.35	NACE Code L: 0.03		
Biodiversity	7. Activities	Share of investments in investee companies with	2.9%	I	2024: 92.4%	
	affecting	sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-			Thanks to improvements in	

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		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies	vestments in in	vestee compar	ies	
Adverse su	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	biodiversity- sensitive areas	sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas			data quality and availability, we disclosed this PAI for the first time in 2024.	
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	1		2024: 0.0% 2023: 0.0%	As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2023 and 2024.
Waste	 Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio 	of ha bact es p es p	0.24	1	2024: 67.8% 2023: 44.6%	As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2023.
INDICATO	INDICATORS FOR SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE, I	EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR I	HUMAN RIGHTS	S, ANTI-CORRL	IPTION AND ANTI-E	RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD	%0.0	%0.0	2024: 93.8% 2023: 97.7%	Binding indicator at ELEVA Capital level as it is part of the overall exclusion list

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		Indicators applicable to inv	upplicable to investments in investee companies	vestee compar	nies	
dverse su:	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises				
	11. Lack of processes and compliance monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	33.3%	23.7%	2024: 93.8% 2023: 97.5%	
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	13.1%	1	2024: 67.4% 2023: 21.1%	As the coverage rate was below 50%, we

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		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies	vestments in in	vestee compar	lies	
Adverse sus	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate	Actions taken, and
					and Explanation	actions planned and
						targets set for the next
						reference period
						decided to not publish
						the metric in 2023.
	13. Board gender	Average ratio of female to	42.0%	53.8%	2024: 93.8%	This metric is analysed
	diversity	male board members in			2023: 97.7%	in the Shareholders
		investee companies,				pillar of our ESG scoring
		expressed as a percentage				methodology
		of all board members				
	14. Exposure to	Share of investments in	%0.0	0.0%	2024: 93.8%	Binding indicator at
	controversial	investee companies			2023: 97.7%	ELEVA Capital level as
	weapons (anti-	involved in the manufacture				it is part of the overall
	personnel	or selling of controversial				exclusion policy
	mines, cluster	weapons				
	munitions,					
	chemical					
	weapons and					
	biological					
	weapons)					

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Other indicators	er indica	tors for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors	dverse impact	s on sustainat Imnact	oility factors	Actions taken and
		5	2024	2023	coverage rate and Explanation	actions laver, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
4. Investments in Share of investments in	Share of invest	tments in	31.7%	16.3%	2024: 91.3%	•
	investee comp	anies			2023: 97.7%	
		emission				
emission reduction initiatives aimed	reduction initiat	ives aimed				
reduction at aligning with the Paris	at aligning with t	the Paris				
initiatives Agreement	Agreement					
1. Investments in Share of investments in	Share of invest	tments in	2.5%	6.7%	2024: 92.4%	
companies investee companies	investee comp	anies			2023: 97.5%	
without without a workplace	without a work	place				
workplace accident prevention policy	accident preve	ention policy				
accident						
prevention						
policies						



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The table below presents the top investments made by ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2024 and calculated as a quarterly average.

	Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
	Halma PLC	Electronic	2.78%	United Kingdom
	Arcadis NV	Professional	2.56%	Netherlands
	Euronext NV	Capital Markets	2.43%	Netherlands
s the	Beijer Ref AB	Trading	2.36%	Sweden
e	ΑΑΚ ΑΒ	Food Products	2.33%	Sweden
ortion	Storebrand ASA	Insurance	2.33%	Norway
of	CTP NV	Real Estate	2.25%	Netherlands
oduct	D ieteren SA/NV	Distributors	2.25%	Belgium
rence	Nemetschek SE	Software	2.24%	Germany
: 1	Subsea 7 SA	Energy	2.23%	Luxembourg
4	Gaztransport Et Technigaz SA	Oil, Gas	2.13%	France
-	Terna Rete Elettrica	Electric Utilities	2.02%	Italy
	Viscofan SA	Food Products	2.02%	Spain
	FUCHS PETROLUB SE	Chemicals	2.00%	Germany
	DKSH Holding AG	Trading	1.94%	Switzerland

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As of 2024, the Sub-fund had committed to a minimum share of 20% of sustainable investments (ex-ante).

To qualify as sustainable investment (pass or fail), a company must generate at least 20% of its revenues with products and services contributing to one or more United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) while at the same time not doing significant harm any environmental or social objective and following good governance practices (in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance).

DNSH principle and good governance practices were captured through a set of Exclusions, a minimal ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100. The ESG analysis methodology and details on exclusions are disclosed in our ESG Policy, available in the Responsible Approach section of our website.



As of 31/12/2024, the ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe Fund had a proportion of sustainable investments of 42% mesured ex-post.

The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy but we voluntarily disclose the expost weighted average taxonomy-aligned revenue of the Sub-Fund: 7.2% (excluding sovereign bonds, if any). However, the category 'Taxonomy-aligned' is not linked to the total 'Sustainable' investments (i.e. #1A) in the graph below and is disclosed separately from the two other Sustainable investments sub-categories for two reasons: (1) based on our understanding of the SFDR regulation, the sum of Sustainable investments subcategories must be equal to the total 'Sustainable' investments (i.e. #1A); and (2) in line with the SFDR regulation, ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investments is binary i.e. "pass or fail" (as described above and in our ESG Policy) and sustainable investments can either be Environmental or Social but not both, whereas the SFDR regulation prescribes that taxonomy-aligned investments shall be calculated as a weighted average. Considering the lack of regulatory development or clarification on this matter, we decided to keep this stance in 2024. However, we will re-consider this approach in the next periodic reporting depending on upcoming regulatory developments and clarifications. More statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented below (cf. question "To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?").

What was the asset allocation?



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. Historical comparisons:

As of 29/12/2023, the ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Fund had 92% of investments aligned with E/S characteristics, a proportion of sustainable investments of 45% of which 23% with an environmental objective that were not necessarily aligned with the EU taxonomy, and 22% with a social objective. In parallel, the weighted average Taxonomy alignment was 10.1%.

As of 30/12/2022, the ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Fund had 91% of investments aligned with E/S characteristics, a proportion of sustainable investments of 28% of which 11% with an environmental objective that were not necessarily aligned with the EU taxonomy, and 17% with a social objective. We did not disclosed the weighted average Taxonomy alignment in the 2022 SFDR periodic report as we were unable to provide reliable figures.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Costor

The table below presents the sector exposure of the investments made by ELEVA Leaders Small & Mid-Cap Europe, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2024 and calculated as a quarterly average.

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Sector	% of assets
Machinery	8.90%
Capital Markets	5.55%
Trading Companies & Distributors	5.50%
Food Products	4.35%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.23%
Chemicals	4.05%
Building Products	3.71%
Software	3.41%
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	3.32%
Real Estate Management & Development	2.86%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	2.78%
Professional Services	2.69%
Energy Equipment & Services	2.56%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	2.38%
Insurance	2.33%
Leisure Products	2.33%
Distributors	2.25%
Electrical Equipment	2.21%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels*	2.13%
Interactive Media & Services	2.10%
Electric Utilities	2.02%
Pharmaceuticals	1.84%
Construction Materials	1.78%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	1.77%
Diversified REITs	1.64%
Health Care Providers & Services	1.64%
	•

Personal Care Products	1.52%
Air Freight & Logistics	1.51%
IT Services	1.19%
Financial Services	1.18%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	1.02%
Media	0.88%
Industrial REITs	0.80%
Automobiles	0.67%
Aerospace & Defense	0.61%
Broadline Retail	0.36%
Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.36%
Specialized REITs	0.35%
Specialty Retail	0.27%

(*) Investments in Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels corresponded to the fund's exposure to the fossil fuel sector.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or lowcarbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are

activities for which lowcarbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

- Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:
- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational
 expenditure (OpEx)
 reflecting green
 operational activities
 of investee companies.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy (ex-ante). However, the proportion of sustainable investments aligned with the Taxonomy can be measured ex-post.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

Most Taxonomy aligned investments had a positive contribution to climate change mitigation (5.7% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any) and climate change adaptation (1.5% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any). The Taxonomy indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party, but they are only based on reported

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

• company data and are therefore considered compliant with Article 3 of the Taxonomy regulation. *What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?*

As of 31/12/2024:

• 0.0% of the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Transitional Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 0.3% of CapEx, and 0.0% of OpEx.

• 4.1% of the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Enabling Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 6.5% of CapEx, and 4.7% of OpEx.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Historical comparison: as of 29/12/2023, 10.1% of the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 10.8% of CapEx, and 9.5% of OpEx.

We were unable to provide reliable Environmental taxonomy alignment figures in the 2022 SFDR periodic report.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As of 2024, the Sub-Fund had committed to a minimum proportion of 5% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not necessarily aligned with the EU taxonomy (ex-ante).

As of 31/12/2024: 20% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with an environmental objective measured ex-post.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

As of 2024, the Sub-Fund had committed to a minimum proportion of 5% of socially sustainable investments (ex-ante).

As of 31/12/2024: 23% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with a social objective measured ex-post.



sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As of 31/12/2024, 9% of the Sub-fund investments were not invested with the E/S characteristics and so included under "other". It consisted of cash, instruments not rated on ESG criteria (e.g. IPOs or among others and UCITS). These investments are notably used for liquidity and/or technical purposes, for which environmental or social safeguards are not applicable.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

An internal process has been in place as well as systematic post-trade monitoring to ensure that 72% minimum of net assets of the Sub-fund were "eligible" as per the ESG process in place (hence investments that are aligned with the promoted environmental and social characteristics).

Moreover, individual engagements with companies invested in the sub-fund were conducted to share key findings of ESG analysis and topics on which they could improve.

ELEVA Capital engaged with 53 companies held by the Sub-fund during the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2024, sharing with them a total of 177 engagement areas. ELEVA Capital also participated in 64 Annual General Meetings for equity holdings held by the Sub-fund.

How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark? Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?`
Not applicable

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they
