Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable

Appendix 4 – Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR") (unaudited)

**ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund** 

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund Legal entity identifier: 2138001N3AUIJEQ98G42

## Environmental and/or social characteristics

## Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

## The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustain	nable investment objective?
Yes	• No
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%  in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 54% of sustainable investments  with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with a social objective
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but <b>did not make any sustainable investments</b>

More information on ELEVA Capital's definition of Sustainable investments in accordance with article 2.17 of the SFDR regulation is available in the ESG Policy. Please refer to the section "What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?" of this periodic reporting for clarifications about the distinction of treatment between 'Taxonomy-aligned' Sustainable investments and the other Sustainable investments sub-categories. Statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented in the section "To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?".

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## To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund (the "Sub-Fund") promoted a combination of environmental, social and governance ("ESG") characteristics by investing in companies with good ESG practices (i.e best in universe) or companies that were on an improving path regarding ESG practices (i.e best efforts) while excluding companies that had not a minimum ESG rating (40/100).

The Sub-Fund applied the Management Company's exclusion policy, i.e.:

- Norm based exclusions: companies having violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or one of the OECD Guidelines For Multinational Enterprises.
- Sector based exclusions: companies involved in the sector (including production or distribution) of controversial weapons (0% of sales threshold), of tobacco (5% of sales threshold) and of nuclear weapons (5% of sales threshold). The Sub-fund also applied ELEVA Capital's coal policy, available on ELEVA Capital website.

In addition to the Management Company's exclusion policy, the Sub-Fund applies the exclusion standard from the French SRI label (v3) related to Oil & Gas (developers; and 5% threshold for unconventional), as well as power generation (threshold expressed in gCO2eq/kWh). For more information, please refer to the ESG Policy, available on ELEVA Capital website.

- As of 31/12/2024, the Sub-fund did not hold any position in excluded companies as defined above.
- The weighted average ESG score of the ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe. This implied that the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund may in no case be lower than the average ESG score of the initial investment universe after elimination of the 30% worst companies in market capitalization weight.
- A minimum ESG score of 40/100 was required for each company to enter the portfolio.
- The weight of issuers analysed and scored on ESG criteria with the ELEVA methodology had to be higher than 90% of the invested pocket (i.e. excluding cash).

### As of 31/12/2024:

- The Sub-Fund showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 68.0/100 for the Sub-Fund against 67.7/100 for the reduced universe;
- No invested company had an ESG score below 40/100;
- 100% of the invested pocket (i.e. excluding cash) had been analysed and scored through the ELEVA ESG methodology.

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## **ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund**

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

## How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The Sub-Fund had to show, as binding ESG criteria, a better performance than its initial investment universe (in market capitalisation weight) on the following two ESG key performance indicators: carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, covering Scope 1+2+3) and exposure to companies without processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (sum of the weights). Moreover, the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe.

As of 31/12/2024, the Sub-Fund:

- Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested, Scope1+2+3): 238 for the Sub-Fund against 681 for the universe;
- Presented a better exposure to companies without processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises than its initial investment universe: 86% for the SubFund against 84% for the universe;
- Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 68.0/100 for the Sub-Fund against 67.7/100 for the reduced universe.

The sustainability indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party.

## ... and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable as the Sub-Fund was launched on 1 August 2024 – this is the first reporting iteration.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As of 2024, the ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund had committed to a minimum share of 20% of sustainable investments (ex-ante). Sustainable investments with environmental objectives might include energy efficiency, renewable energies, sustainable mobility, smart building, sustainable infrastructure, etc. and sustainable investments with social objectives might include health and wellbeing, etc. Please refer to the following question for more details.

In parallel, and although the Sub-Fund has no ex-ante commitment on this particular indicator, the weighted average revenue contribution to the UN SDGs calculated ex-post was 39% as of 31/12/2024 (excluding sovereign bonds, if any).

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## **ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund**

Lastly, and although the Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy, we voluntarily disclose the ex-post weighted average taxonomy-aligned revenue of the Sub-Fund: 6.6% (excluding sovereign bonds, if any). Most Taxonomy aligned investments had a positive contribution to climate change mitigation (6.5% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any) and transition to a circular economy (0.15% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any), and to a lesser extent to climate change adaptation (0.12% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any). The Taxonomy indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party, but they are only based on reported company data and are therefore considered compliant with Article 3 of the Taxonomy regulation.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

## How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Several criteria have been applied to ensure that sustainable investments do not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective:

- Exclusion (please refer to the question « To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met? »)
- Minimum ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100, which screens out companies with bad ESG practices, poor Governance, and/or significant controversies. As explained in the question "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?", the ESG score captures many indicators for adverse impacts.
- Positive contribution through the proportion of revenues: the positive contribution of each company is measured by calculating the proportion of revenue generated with products or services that contribute positively to one or more UN SDGs. To be considered as a sustainable investment, a company must, in addition to the 2 previous criteria, generate at least 20% of its revenue from this type of products or services. This is a net turnover threshold; thus, we deduct from this percentage the portion of turnover possibly achieved with products having potentially residual negative impacts (i.e. if not already excluded through the exclusion criteria). This indicator is expressed as a percentage and corresponds directly to the percentage of net sales, calculated as mentioned above.

If an investee company met these criteria, it was considered a sustainable investment in its entirety. As of 31/12/2024, 54% of the Sub-fund investments passed these criteria and have been classified as sustainable investments measured ex-post.

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## **ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund**

— — How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account, at the product level, including for sustainable investments, through the set of exclusion, through the criteria analysed in the ESG analysis and through the binding ESG KPIs (please refer to the question "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?").

— Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The companies that had violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises were excluded in this Sub-Fund.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

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## How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Sub-Fund took into consideration the 14 principal adverse impact indicators and 2 optional ones (investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives and investment in companies without workplace accident prevention policies).

- PAI 2, 10, 11 and 14 were taken into consideration in a quantitative way, with maximum exposure or thresholds in place (through Strict Exclusions or through the binding ESG key performance indicators described above)
- PAI 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 13 and the 2 optional ones were taken into consideration in a qualitative way, mainly through the criteria analysed through ESG analysis.
- PAI 7, 8, 9, 12 were only taken into consideration when the data was available (available data for these PAI is scarce).

The statement below presents the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors with respect to ELEVA SRI European Selection, covering the period from the launch of the Sub-Fund on 1 August 2024 to 31 December 2024 and calculated as an average of the third and fourth quarters. The historical comparison with 2023 performance is not presented since the Sub-Fund was launched in August 2024.

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Appendix 4 - Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR") (unaudited)

		Indicators applicable to i	applicable to investments in investee companies	vestee compani	es	
Adverse susta	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
		CLIMATE AND OTHER EN	ND OTHER ENVIRONMENT-RELATED INDICATORS	ATED INDICATO	ORS	
Greenhouse	1. GHG	Scope 1 GHG emissions	915	NA	2024: 97.6%	This metric is analysed
gas	emissions	(tons of CO2 equivalent)				in the planet pillar of
emissions						our ESG scoring
						methodology
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	197	NA	2024: 97.6%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)				in the planet pillar of
						our ESG scoring
						methodology
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	5,952	AN A	2024: 97.6%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)				in the planet pillar of
						our ESG scoring
						methodology
		Total GHG emissions	7,073	NA	2024: 97.6%	This metric is analysed
		(tons of CO2 equivalent)				in the planet pillar of
						our ESG scoring
						methodology
	2. Carbon	Carbon footprint	214	NA	2024: 97.6%	Binding indicator for
	footprint	(tons of CO2 equivalent /				ELEVA SRI European
		EUR million invested)				Selection fund
	<ol><li>GHG intensity</li></ol>	GHG intensity of investee	613	NA	2024: 99.0%	
	of investee	companies				
	companies	(tons of CO2 equivalent /				
		EUR million of revenue)				

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		Indicators applicable to i	nvestments in in	applicable to investments in investee companies	S	
Adverse sus	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	%9'9	Ą	2024: 99.0%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
	5. Share of non- renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources	55.6%	۸	2024: 99.0%	
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	NACE Code A: NA NACE Code B: NA	NACE Code A: NA NACE Code B: NA	2024: 96.4%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology for all sectors except
						Financials

**ELEVA UCITS Fund** 

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		Indicators applicable to i	nvestments in ir	applicable to investments in investee companies	Si	
ens:	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
			NACE Code C: 0.19	NACE Code C: NA		
			NACE Code D: 0.93	NACE Code D: NA		
			NACE Code E: NA	NACE Code E: NA		
			NACE Code F: 0.11	NACE Code F: NA		
			NACE Code G: 0.34	NACE Code G: NA		
			NACE Code H: 0.07	NACE Code H: NA		
			NACE Code L: 0.92	NACE Code L: NA		
	7. Activities negatively	Share of investments in investee companies with	%6'8	NA	2024: 97.6%	
	affecting	sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-				

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		Indicators applicable to i	applicable to investments in investee companies	vestee compani	98	
Adverse su	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	biodiversity- sensitive areas	sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas				
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	1	<b>∀</b> Z	2024: 0.7%	As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2024.
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	0.16	۸A	2024: 62.0%	
INDICATO	INDICATORS FOR SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE,		HUMAN RIGHTS	S, ANTI-CORRUF	RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS	RIBERY MATTERS
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD	%0.0	Ą	2024: 99.0%	Binding indicator at ELEVA Capital level as it is part of the overall exclusion list

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		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies	nvestments in ir	ivestee compani	es	
Adverse sus	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises				
	11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	14.6%	۲×	2024: 99.0%	The share of investments in signatory companies of the UNGC is a binding indicator for ELEVA SRI European Selection fund
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	12.7%	ΑΝ	2024: 63.2%	

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		Indicators applicable to in	nvestments in ir	applicable to investments in investee companies	Se	
Adverse sust	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact	Impact	Coverage rate	Actions taken, and
			2024	2023	and Explanation	actions planned and
						targets set for the
						next reference period
	13. Board gender	Average ratio of female to	42.6%	NA	2024: 99.0%	This metric is analysed
	diversity	male board members in				in the Shareholders
		investee companies,				pillar of our ESG
		expressed as a				scoring methodology
		percentage of all board				
		members				
	14. Exposure to	Share of investments in	%0'0	NA	2024: 99.0%	Binding indicator at
	controversial	investee companies				ELEVA Capital level as
	weapons (anti-	involved in the				it is part of the overall
	personnel	manufacture or selling of				exclusion policy
	mines, cluster	controversial weapons				
	munitions,					
	chemical					
	weapons and					
	biological					
	weapons)					

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	Othe	Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors	erse impacts	on sustain	ability factors	
Adverse su	Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact	Impact	Coverage rate and	Actions taken, and
			1904	202		targets set for the next reference period
Emissions	4. Investments in	Share of investments in	15.6%	NA	2024: 97.6%	
	companies	investee companies without				
	without carbon	carbon emission reduction				
	emission	initiatives aimed at aligning				
	reduction	with the Paris Agreement				
	initiatives					
Social and	1. Investments in	Share of investments in	1.3%	NA	2024: 99.0%	
employee	companies	investee companies without				
matters	without	a workplace accident				
	workplace	prevention policy				
	accident					
	prevention					
	policies					



## What were the top investments of this financial product?

The table below presents the top investments made by ELEVA SRI European Selection, covering the reference period from the launch of the Sub-Fund on 1 August 2024 to 31 December 2024 and calculated as an average of the third and fourth quarters.

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 August - 31 December 2024

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Novo Nordisk A/S	Pharmaceuticals	4.26%	Denmark
ASML Holding NV	Semiconductors	3.92%	Netherlands
Schneider Electric SE	Electrical Equipment	3.80%	France
SAP SE	Software	3.01%	Germany
AXA SA	Insurance	2.84%	France
NatWest Group PLC	Banks	2.83%	United Kingdom
Sanofi	Pharmaceuticals	2.78%	France
London Stock Exchange Group	Capital Markets	2.62%	United Kingdom
3i Group PLC	Capital Markets	2.53%	United Kingdom
UCB SA	Pharmaceuticals	2.50%	Belgium
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA	Banks	2.46%	Italy
Hermes International	Textiles, Apparel	2.28%	France
Publicis Groupe SA	Media	2.27%	France
Assa Abloy AB	Building Products	2.25%	Sweden
National Grid PLC	Multi-Utilities	2.20%	United Kingdom



### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As of 2024, the Sub-fund had committed to a minimum share of 20% of sustainable investments (ex-ante).

To qualify as sustainable investment (pass or fail), a company must generate at least 20% of its revenues with products and services contributing to one or more United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) while at the same time not doing significant harm any environmental or social objective and following good governance practices (in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance).

DNSH principle and good governance practices were captured through a set of Exclusions, a minimal ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100. The ESG analysis methodology and details on exclusions are disclosed in our ESG Policy, available in the Responsible Approach section of our website.

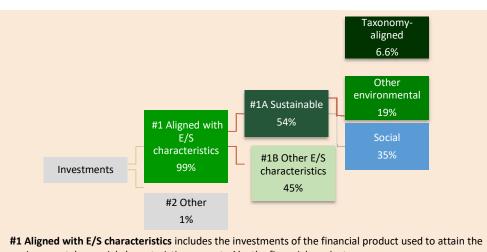
As of 31/12/2024, the ELEVA SRI European Selection Fund had a proportion of sustainable investments of 54% mesured ex-post.

post weighted average taxonomy-aligned revenue of the Sub-Fund: 6.6% (excluding sovereign bonds, if any). However, the category 'Taxonomy-aligned' is not linked to the total 'Sustainable' investments (i.e. #1A) in the graph below and is disclosed separately from the two other Sustainable investments sub-categories for two reasons: (1) based on our understanding of the SFDR regulation, the sum of Sustainable investments subcategories must be equal to the total 'Sustainable' investments (i.e. #1A); and (2) in line with the SFDR regulation, ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investments is binary i.e. "pass or fail" (as described above and in our ESG Policy) and sustainable investments can either be Environmental or Social but not both, whereas the SFDR regulation prescribes that taxonomy-aligned investments shall be calculated as a weighted average. Considering the lack of regulatory development or clarification on this matter, we decided to keep this stance in 2024. However, we will re-consider this approach in the next periodic reporting depending on upcoming regulatory developments and clarifications. More statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented below (cf. question "To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?").

The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy but we voluntarily disclose the ex-

**Asset** allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

### What was the asset allocation?



environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Historical comparisons are not applicable as the Sub-Fund was launched on 1 August 2024 – this is the first reporting iteration.

## In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The table below presents the sector exposure of the investments made by ELEVA SRI European Selection, covering the reference period from the launch of the Sub-Fund on 1 August 2024 to 31 December 2024 and calculated as an average of the third and fourth quarters.

Sector	% of assets
Pharmaceuticals	12.02%
Banks	9.71%
Insurance	6.21%
Electrical Equipment	6.18%
Capital Markets	5.15%
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	5.02%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	4.25%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	4.19%
Chemicals	3.95%
Building Products	3.77%
Multi-Utilities	3.74%
Software	3.64%
Electric Utilities	3.15%
Media	2.27%
Specialty Retail	2.26%
Automobiles	2.25%
Air Freight & Logistics	2.13%
Machinery	2.13%
Construction & Engineering	2.06%
Construction Materials	1.96%
Professional Services	1.59%
Beverages	1.50%
Industrial REITs	1.30%
Health Care Providers & Services	1.26%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	1.21%
Industrial Conglomerates	1.19%
Personal Care Products	0.92%
Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.88%
Aerospace & Defense	0.80%
Broadline Retail	0.69%
Food Products	0.46%

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

## **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
   reflecting the
   share of revenue
   from green
   activities of
   investee
   companies.
- capital
   expenditure
   (CapEx) showing
   the green
   investments made
   by investee
   companies, e.g. for
   a transition to a
   green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



## To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy (ex-ante). However, the proportion of sustainable investments aligned with the Taxonomy can be measured ex-post.

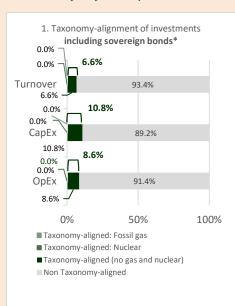
Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

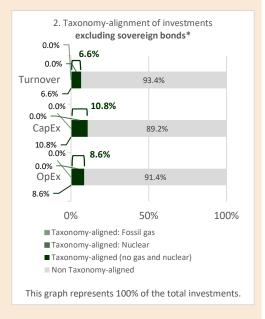
Yes:

In fossil gas
In nuclear energy

No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Most Taxonomy aligned investments had a positive contribution to climate change mitigation (6.5% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any) and transition to a circular economy (0.15% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any), and to a lesser extent to climate change adaptation (0.12% of turnover aligned excluding sovereign bonds, if any). The Taxonomy indicators presented above have not been subject to an assurance provided by auditors or a review by a third-party, but they are only based on reported company data and are therefore considered compliant with Article 3 of the Taxonomy regulation.

## What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

## As of 31/12/2024:

- 0.0% of the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Transitional Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 0.4% of CapEx, and 0.0% of OpEx.
- 5.9% the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Enabling Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 9.5% of CapEx, and 7.6% of OpEx.
  - How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Historical comparisons are not applicable as the Sub-Fund was launched on 1 August 2024 - this is the first reporting iteration.



## What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As of 2024, the Sub-Fund had committed to a minimum proportion of 5% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not necessarily aligned with the EU taxonomy (ex-ante).

As of 31/12/2024: 19% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with an environmental objective measured ex-post.



## What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

As of 2024, the Sub-Fund had committed to a minimum proportion of 5% of socially sustainable investments (ex-ante).

As of 31/12/2024: 35% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with a social objective measured ex-post.



sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



## What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As of 31/12/2024, 1% of the Sub-fund investments were not invested with the E/S characteristics and so included under "other". It consisted of cash, instruments not rated on ESG criteria (e.g. IPOs or among others and UCITS). These investments are notably used for liquidity and/or technical purposes, for which environmental or social safeguards are not applicable.



## What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

An internal process has been in place as well as systematic post-trade monitoring to ensure that 81% minimum of net assets of the Sub-fund were "eligible" as per the ESG process in place (hence investments that are aligned with the promoted environmental and social characteristics).

Moreover, individual engagements with companies invested in the sub-fund were conducted to share key findings of ESG analysis and topics on which they could improve.

ELEVA Capital engaged with 47 companies held by the Sub-fund during the reference period from the launch of the Sub-Fund on 1 August 2024 to 31 December 2024, sharing with them a total of 174 engagement areas. The Sub-Fund did not participate in any Annual General Meetings as there was no meeting held (the Sub-Fund was launched after the end of the 2024 proxy season).



### How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
- Not applicable
  - How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?`

Not applicable

### Reference benchmarks

are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.